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Marked-up Claims, June 27, 2001

- 9. (Twice Amended) A method of preparing an article from a macroporous hyperhydroxy polymer [essentially] comprising [substantially similar fractions of] functional acrylic monomers, which comprises:
- a) mixing [substantially similar fractions of] 40-60 parts by weight of a purified monoester of a hydroxyalkyl acrylate having a single olefinic double bond and 40-60 parts by weight of a methacrylic acid with a sufficient amount] 0.001-5 parts by weight of a free radical or radiation type polymerization initiator,
- b) [holding] <u>subjecting</u> the mixture [under] <u>to bulk</u> polymerization [conditions], <u>solution polymerization</u>, <u>suspension polymerization</u> or <u>emulsion</u> <u>polymerization</u> to form a polymer gel, and
- c) casting the polymer gel to shape, whereby the article [is capable of holding] has a water content of 90-99.75% [water] when fully hydrated.
- 11. (Amended) The method of claim 9 wherein the [olefinic] methacrylic acid [diester] is a dimethacrylate.
- 17. (Amended) The [macroporous hyperhydroxy polymer] method of claim [1] 9 [fabricated as] wherein the article prepared is a contact lens.
- 18. (Amended) The [macroporous hyperhydroxy polymer] <u>method</u> of claim [1] 9 <u>wherein the article</u> prepared [as] <u>is</u> a coating <u>material</u>.
- 19. (Amended) The [polymer] <u>method</u> of claim [1] <u>9</u> [produced under polymerization conditions as] <u>wherein the article prepared is</u> a solid article suitable for further manufacturing.

20. (Amended) The [polymer] <u>method</u> of claim [1] <u>9</u> <u>wherein the</u> <u>polymer is produced as a coating directly</u> on other articles.